Please amend claims 23 and 28 as follows:

Claims 1-22 (Cancelled).

Claim 23 (Currently Amended) A method for inhibiting angiogenesis comprising:

administering to a patient in need thereof an effective amount of a cyclic amine

compound for inhibiting vascular endothelial growth factor-A (VEGF-A), wherein the cyclic

amine compound is represented by the following general formula (1):

$$R^{2} = \begin{bmatrix} R^{1} & & & \\ - & & \\ R^{3} & & \end{bmatrix} CH_{2} - N$$

$$(CH_{2})_{\overline{m}} - X - (CH_{2})_{\overline{n}} - \begin{bmatrix} R^{1} & \\ - & \\ R^{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(1)$$

wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, and R<sup>3</sup> each independently represent a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, an alkyl group, a halogen-substituted alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an alkylthio group, a carboxyl group, an alkoxycarbonyl group, or an alkanoyl group; W<sup>1</sup> and W<sup>2</sup> each independently represent N or CH; X represents O, NR<sup>4</sup>, CONR<sup>4</sup>, or NR<sup>4</sup>CO; R<sup>4</sup> represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl group, or a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaralkyl group; and l, m, and n each represent a number of 0 or 1, or a salt thereof, or a solvate thereof; and

inhibiting vascular endothelial growth factor A (VEGF-A) angiogenesis by inhibiting VEGF-A with the cyclic amine compound. Claim 24 (Original) The method according to claim 23, wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ , and  $R^3$  are each a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, a  $C_1$ - $C_8$  alkyl group, a halogen-substituted  $C_1$ - $C_8$  alkyl group, an alkoxy group having a  $C_1$ - $C_8$  alkyl group, an alkylthio group having a  $C_1$ - $C_8$  alkyl group, a carboxyl group, an alkoxycarbonyl group having a  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group, or an alkanoyl group having a  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group.

Claim 25 (Original) The method according to claim 23, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is a hydrogen atom, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl group containing 1 to 4 nitrogen atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl group, or a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl group having a substituted or unsubstituted 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl group containing 1 to 4 nitrogen atoms.

Claim 26 (Original) The method according to claim 25, wherein the aryl group, the aryl group of the aralkyl group, the heteroaryl group or the heteroaryl group of the heteroaralkyl group in R<sup>4</sup> is substituted with 1 to 3 substituents selected from an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an alkylthio group, a halogen atom, a nitro group, an amino group, an acetylamino group, a trifluoromethyl group, and an alkylenedioxy group.

Claim 27 (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 23, wherein the cyclic amine compound is 4-[N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-[[5-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl]amino]-1-[[2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)pyridin-4-yl]methyl]piperidine, 4-[N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-[[2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)pyridin-4-yl]methyl]amino]-1-[[2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)pyridin-4-yl]methyl]piperidine, or a salt thereof.

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Response to Official Action dated April 24, 2009

Claim 28 (Currently Amended) A method for treating a disease or pathological condition caused by angiogenesis comprising:

administering to a patient <u>in need thereof</u> an effective amount of a cyclic amine compound <u>for inhibiting vascular endothelial growth factor-A (VEGF-A)</u>, wherein the cyclic <u>amine compound is</u> represented by the following general formula (1):

$$R^{2} = \begin{bmatrix} R^{1} & & & \\ - & & \\ R^{3} & & U \\ & & & \end{bmatrix} CH_{2} - N$$

$$(CH_{2})_{\overline{m}} - X - (CH_{2})_{\overline{n}} - U$$

$$(1)$$

wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, and R<sup>3</sup> each independently represent a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, an alkyl group, a halogen-substituted alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an alkylthio group, a carboxyl group, an alkoxycarbonyl group, or an alkanoyl group; W<sup>1</sup> and W<sup>2</sup> each independently represent N or CH; X represents O, NR<sup>4</sup>, CONR<sup>4</sup>, or NR<sup>4</sup>CO; R<sup>4</sup> represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl group, or a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaralkyl group; and l, m, and n each represent a number of 0 or 1, or a salt thereof, or a solvate thereof; and

inhibiting vascular endothelial growth factor-A (VEGF-A) angiogenesis by inhibiting VEGF-A with the cyclic amine compound, thereby treating the disease or pathological condition caused by angiogenesis.

Claim 29 (Original) The method according to claim 28, wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ , and  $R^3$  are each a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, a  $C_1$ - $C_8$  alkyl group, a halogen-substituted  $C_1$ - $C_8$  alkyl group, an alkoxy group having a  $C_1$ - $C_8$  alkyl group, an alkylthio group having a  $C_1$ - $C_8$  alkyl group, a carboxyl group, an alkoxycarbonyl group having a  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group, or an alkanoyl group having a  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group.

Claim 30 (Original) The method according to claim 28, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is a hydrogen atom, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl group containing 1 to 4 nitrogen atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>14</sub> aryl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl group, or a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl group having a substituted or unsubstituted 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl group containing 1 to 4 nitrogen atoms.

Claim 31 (Original) The method according to claim 30, wherein the aryl group, the aryl group of the aralkyl group, the heteroaryl group or the heteroaryl group of the heteroaralkyl group in R<sup>4</sup> is substituted with 1 to 3 substituents selected from an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an alkylthio group, a halogen atom, a nitro group, an amino group, an acetylamino group, a trifluoromethyl group, and an alkylenedioxy group.

Claim 32 (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 28, wherein the cyclic amine compound is 4-[N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-[[5-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)pyridin-3-yl]methyl]amino]-1-[[2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)pyridin-4-yl]methyl]piperidine, 4-[N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-[[2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)pyridin-4-yl]methyl]piperidine, or a salt thereof.

Claim 33 (Original) The method according to claim 28, wherein the disease or pathological condition is proliferation, recurrence, or metastasis of malignant solid tumor, corneal angiogenesis, pterygium, conjunctivitis, rubeosis iridis, neovascular glaucoma, proliferative retinopathy, central retinal vein occlusion, diabetic retinopathy, retinal angiogenesis, or age-related macular degeneration.